

NAME (PLEASE PRINT): _____

David Alan Black, It's Still Greek to Me

WORKSHEET — Overcoming Pronoun Paranoia— Lesson 5

1. You must be able to identify the pronoun's _____, you must be able to recognize what _____ the pronoun is in, and you must know its _____, _____, and _____.
2. The antecedent of a pronoun is the word or words for which the _____.
3. Personal pronouns have three main functions. List them.
 - a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____
4. Remember, pronouns agree with their antecedents in _____ and _____ but not necessarily in _____.
5. Αὐτός is used as the third person personal pronoun and it is also used in two idiomatic expressions. (1) When it is in the _____ position it is an _____ meaning "same": ὁ αὐτὸς ἄνθρωπος, "the _____ man." (2) When it is used in agreement with another substantive it is an _____ meaning "himself, herself, etc.": αὐτὸς διδάσκει τὸν ὄχλον, "He _____ is teaching the crowd."
6. Match the following Greek pronouns with their syntactical uses.
 - a. ἀλλήλων _____ Demonstrative Pronoun (far)
 - b. ἐκεῖνος _____ Demonstrative Pronoun (near)
 - c. ἑμαυτόν _____ Indefinite Pronoun
 - d. ὅς _____ Indefinite Relative Pronoun
 - e. ὅστις _____ Interrogative Pronoun
 - f. οὔτος _____ Reciprocal Pronoun
 - g. τίς _____ Reflexive Pronoun
 - h. τις _____ Relative Pronoun