

NAME (PLEASE PRINT): _____

N. Clayton Croy, *A Primer for Biblical Greek*

WORKSHEET — Pronouns, Adjectives, and Clauses — Lesson 27

1. The interrogative is usually used as a _____, in which case it is an interrogative _____; less often it will modify a noun, in which case it is an interrogative _____.
2. The interrogative pronoun is also used in _____ questions.
3. Finally, the accusative singular neuter (τί) is also used adverbially with the meaning _____.
4. The forms of the indefinite pronoun and adjective are exactly like those of the _____ except for _____.
5. The indefinite pronoun can also be used either _____ as a _____ or with a noun as an _____.
6. A relative pronoun agrees with its antecedent in _____ and _____, but normally takes the _____ required by the _____ of its own clause.
7. The indefinite relative pronoun _____, _____, _____, is the combination of the relative pronoun _____ and the indefinite pronoun _____. Both parts of the word are _____. For example, the nominative plural forms are: _____, _____, _____.