

NAME (PLEASE PRINT): _____

N. Clayton Croy, *A Primer for Biblical Greek*

WORKSHEET — The Subjunctive Mood — Lesson 23

1. The subjunctive mood is sometimes called the “_____.” The subjunctive conveys _____, _____, _____, _____, _____, and the like. The subjunctive occurs in the _____, _____, and ~~perfect~~ perfect tenses.

 2. The chief characteristic of the forms of the subjunctive mood is the _____ that connects the stem to the person number endings. Where the indicative mood used an omicron connecting vowel, the subjunctive uses an _____. Where the indicative used an epsilon, the subjunctive uses an eta.

 3. List and briefly define the five uses of the subjunctive mood:
 - (1)

 - (2)

 - (3)

 - (4)

 - (5)

 4. As in the case of the participle, tense in the subjunctive has _____ to do with the time of action. *All* tenses of the subjunctive denote _____ and, therefore, tend to refer to future time. As is usually the case outside the indicative, tense in the subjunctive pertains to _____ of action. *The distinction between a present and an aorist subjunctive cannot always be expressed in an English translation.*
- Croy, Practice and Review 1-13 (odds; parse all verbals); LXX 10-12 (parse all verbals); and NT 9-12 (parse all verbals).