N.	AME (PLEASE PRINT): Clayton Croy, <i>A Primer fo</i> ORKSHEET — Aorist Pa		articiples –	 - Lesson 20		
1.	Write the component parts of t participles below:	the component parts of the following participles following the two examples given for the present tense ciples below:				
	<u>PARTICIPLE</u>	<u>STEM</u>		<u>MORPHEME</u>	CASE ENDINGS	
	Present Active Participle	Present Stem		-οντ- / -ουσ-	3-1-3	
	Present M/P/D Participle	Present Stem		-оµε <b>ν</b> -	2-1-2	
	Aorist Passive Participle					
	Perfect Active Participle					
	Perfect M/P/D Participles					
2.	Write the Nominative Masculin	e Singular forms for the	following partic	ciples:		
	Present Active (λύω)  First Aorist Active (λύω)  Second Aorist Active (βλέπω)		Present M/P/D (λύω)  First Aorist Middle (λύω)			
			Second Aorist Middle (γίνομαι)			
	Aorist Passive (λύω)					
	Perfect Active (λύω)		Perfect M	Perfect M/P/D (λύω)		
	NOTE BENE: Remember that you will most frequently see participles in the nominative case. 77% of a participles in the New Testament are in the nominative case (according to a reliable sour					

• Croy 120-122, Practice and Review 1-14 (translate the odd numbered sentences, parse all the participles, and note whether the participle is adjectival or adverbial); LXX 1-3; NT 1-5; and English to Greek 4.