

NAME (PLEASE PRINT): _____

N. Clayton Croy, *A Primer for Biblical Greek*

WORKSHEET — First Aorist Active and Middle Indicative — Lesson 13

1. The third principal part is the _____. This part serves as the basis for the _____ and _____ forms. There are two groups of aorist verbs. In this lesson you will learn the _____ aorist forms. The second aorist, introduced in the next lesson, uses different _____, but is not a different tense.
 2. The aorist tense express _____ action in _____ time. The aorist tense itself only affirms the occurrence of the _____. It does *not* _____ the action.
 3. Write and translate the forms of the First Aorist Active Indicative:
 4. The First Aorist Active is formed: _____ + _____ + _____. The rules for the augment in the aorist tense are the same as those for the _____.
 5. The First Aorist Middle/Deponent Active is formed: _____ + _____ + _____.
 6. The first aorist active infinitive is _____. The first aorist middle infinitive is _____. Note that there is no augment. The augment occurs *only in the _____ mood*.
- Croy 74-76, Translate: Practice and Review 5-14; LXX 2 and 3; NT 7, 8, and 9 (parse all verbs); and English to Greek 1, 3.